

BGP Route Servers

There are two BGP separate route servers on each peering LAN. It is recommended to **always** peer with both BGP Route Servers at a location, as sessions to both servers ensure that there is no disruption to the advertisement of your prefixes should it be necessary to performance maintenance on a Route Server. The Route Servers do **not** peer with each other by design, so peering with only one server is an unnecessary risk for your network!



Bi-lateral peering is considered best practice !

While the BGP Route Server service is made available as a convenience, it is strongly recommended that, in addition to any sessions you plan to establish with the BGP Route Servers, you still maintain direct bi-lateral peering sessions with peers that you feel are important to your network! BGP Route Servers should be used to pickup quick/easy/additional peers only, and **not** as a replacement for your discrete peering policy!

In particular there are many peers that advertise only a subset of their prefixes to the BGP Route Server. **Always** aim for a bilateral session !

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INX	ASN	Hostname	Type	IPv4	IPv6
JINX	37700	routeserver1.jinx.net.za	BIRD	196.60.96.1	2001:43f8:1f0::1
		routeserver2.jinx.net.za	BIRD	196.60.96.2	2001:43f8:1f0::2
CINX	37701	routeserver1.cinx.net.za	BIRD	196.223.22.1	2001:43f8:1f1::1
		routeserver2.cinx.net.za	BIRD	196.223.22.2	2001:43f8:1f1::2
DINX	37699	routeserver1.dinx.net.za	BIRD	196.223.30.1	2001:43f8:1f2::1
		routeserver1.dinx.net.za	BIRD	196.223.30.2	2001:43f8:1f2::2
NMBINX	37735	routeserver1.nmbinx.net.za	BIRD	196.60.120.1	2001:43f8:690::1
		routeserver2.nmbinx.net.za	BIRD	196.60.120.2	2001:43f8:690::2

First ASN Check

Remember that the BGP-RS service at all the INXes do not include the BGP-RS ASN in BGP update messages, as the RS is not actually a transit network. Ensure that if you do plan on peering with the BGP Route Servers, you understand that the BGP-RS does not attach its ASN to outbound BGP messages.

Please implement the IOS "no bgp enforce-next-as" (or IOS-XR "enforce-first-as disable") , or appropriate equivalent, for your platform.

Filtering policy and process

INX has **always** believed in filtering and we filter all client sessions to the BGP-RS service. We encourage peers to keep their IRR objects accurate to help us to autogenerate these filters.

- Filters are built based on RPKI and IRRDB registered objects.
- We search the AfriNIC, RADB and RIPE registries (in that order).
- We permit only **exact match filters** for both IPv4 and IPv6.
- RPKI invalids are dropped.
- Some [prefixes are automatically filtered](#) by the route servers (eg. bogons and martians).
- We do not accept BGP announcements from private ASNs, or with private ASNs in the path.

INX's Route Server filtering policy is below:

- Drop small prefixes – longer than /24 for ipv4 and longer than /48 for ipv6.
- Drop all well-known martians and bogons.
- Ensure that there is at least 1 ASN and less than 64 ASNs in the AS path.
- Ensure that the peer AS is the same as the first AS in the AS path.
- Drop any prefix where the next-hop IP address is not the same as the peer IP address. This prevents prefix hijacking.
- Drop any prefix with a transit network ASN in the AS path.
- Ensure that origin AS is in set of ASNs from the client's IRRDB AS-SET.
- If the prefix is evaluated as RPKI valid, accept.

- If the prefix is evaluated as RPKI invalid, drop.
- If the prefix is evaluated as RPKI unknown, revert to standard IRRDB prefix filtering.



Max-prefix

We recommend that you set the BGP max-prefix to the BGP-RS to 150,000 prefixes for IPv4 and 100,000 prefixes for IPv6

Filtering Frequency

Filter generation happens every 4h starting at 0h45. If you need a filter update done in an emergency, please call, or email us, using the details on [the INX support page](#).

BGP Communities for policy control

A simple set of BGP communities are made available for rudimentary policy control. These will be expanded on over time, as the BGP Route Server service is enhanced. We provide both extended and large community (RFC 8092) support. Note that if you intend to effect policy to 32bit ASNs you'll need to make use of the BGP-LC communities. As a general rule, you should implement large community (LC) filtering if your device supports this. Do not mix both types!



Remember to use the correct ASN

Note: The communities example below applies to peers using the JINX route servers. The appropriate ASN for each INX, should be substituted when using the BGP route servers, at other INXes.

Community	Action	Explanation
0:peer-asn	deny to peer-asn	block announcement of prefix to peer-asn
0:37700	block all	block announcement of prefix to all peers
37700:peer-asn	allow to peer-asn	announce prefix to specific peer-as (in conjunction with block all)
37700:37700	allow all	announce prefix to all peers (implicit default)

We honour the well-known no-export and no-advertise communities as if they were sent to us as a regular peer. If you would specifically like us to propagate these, then please tag as below:

37700:65281	add no-export	adds the well known no-export community to all routes sent to peers
37700:65282	add no-advertise	adds the well known no-advertise community to all routes sent to peers

BGP Large Community Support for policy control

Community	Action	Explanation
37700:0:peer-asn	deny to peer-asn	block announcement of prefix to peer-asn
37700:0:0	block all	block announcement of prefix to all peers
37700:1:peer-asn	allow to peer-as	announce prefix to specific peer-as (in conjunction with block all)

37700:1:0	allow all	announce prefix to all peers (implicit default)
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We also support path prepending using the following policy:

Community	Explanation
37700:101:peer-asn	Prepend to peer AS once
37700:102:peer-asn	Prepend to peer AS twice
37700:103:peer-asn	Prepend to peer AS three times

Communities returned for filtered routes

If your prefix is filtered by the BGP-RS, we'll return one of the BGP communities below, that should help aid in the debugging process.

Filtered community List	
PREFIX_LEN_TOO_LONG	= (routeserverasn, 1101, 1)
PREFIX_LEN_TOO_SHORT	= (routeserverasn, 1101, 2)
BOGON	= (routeserverasn, 1101, 3)
BOGON_ASN	= (routeserverasn, 1101, 4)
AS_PATH_TOO_LONG	= (routeserverasn, 1101, 5)
AS_PATH_TOO_SHORT	= (routeserverasn, 1101, 6)
FIRST_AS_NOT_PEER_AS	= (routeserverasn, 1101, 7)
NEXT_HOP_NOT_PEER_IP	= (routeserverasn, 1101, 8)
IRRDB_PREFIX_FILTERED	= (routeserverasn, 1101, 9)
IRRDB_ORIGIN_AS_FILTERED	= (routeserverasn, 1101, 10)
PREFIX_NOT_IN_ORIGIN_AS	= (routeserverasn, 1101, 11)
RPKI_UNKNOWN	= (routeserverasn, 1101, 12)
RPKI_INVALID	= (routeserverasn, 1101, 13)
TRANSIT_FREE_ASN	= (routeserverasn, 1101, 14)
TOO_MANY_COMMUNITIES	= (routeserverasn, 1101, 15)

Prefixes auto-filtered by the Route Servers

For the overall safety and security of our participants, we actively filter the following prefixes at the Route Servers. That is, advertisements from peers, containing the following networks, will be dropped, and not onward announced.

IPv4 prefixes filtered by the BGP-RS (RFC6890)
<pre>martians = [10.0.0.0/8+, 100.64.0.0/10+, 169.254.0.0/16+, 172.16.0.0/12+, 192.0.0.0/24+, 192.0.2.0/24+, 192.168.0.0/16+, 198.18.0.0/15+, 198.51.100.0/24+, 203.0.113.0/24+, 224.0.0.0/4+, 240.0.0.0/4+, 0.0.0.0/32~, 0.0.0.0/0{25,32}, 0.0.0.0/0{0,7}];</pre>

IPv6 prefixes filtered by the BGP-RS

```
martians = [  
    ::/0,                # Default (can be advertised as a  
route in BGP to peers if desired)  
    ::/96,                # IPv4-compatible IPv6 address -  
deprecated by RFC4291  
    ::/128,              # Unspecified address  
    ::1/128,             # Local host loopback address  
    ::ffff:0.0.0.0/96+,   # IPv4-mapped addresses  
    ::224.0.0.0/100+,     # Compatible address (IPv4 format)  
    ::127.0.0.0/104+,     # Compatible address (IPv4 format)  
    ::0.0.0.0/104+,       # Compatible address (IPv4 format)  
    ::255.0.0.0/104+,     # Compatible address (IPv4 format)  
    0000::/8+,           # Pool used for unspecified,  
loopback and embedded IPv4 addresses  
    0200::/7+,           # OSI NSAP-mapped prefix set  
(RFC4548) - deprecated by RFC4048  
    3ffe::/16+,          # Former 6bone, now decommissioned  
    2001:db8::/32+,      # Reserved by IANA for special  
purposes and documentation  
    2002:e000::/20+,     # Invalid 6to4 packets (IPv4  
multicast)  
    2002:7f00::/24+,     # Invalid 6to4 packets (IPv4  
loopback)  
    2002:0000::/24+,     # Invalid 6to4 packets (IPv4  
default)  
    2002:ff00::/24+,     # Invalid 6to4 packets  
    2002:0a00::/24+,     # Invalid 6to4 packets (IPv4  
private 10.0.0.0/8 network)  
    2002:ac10::/28+,     # Invalid 6to4 packets (IPv4  
private 172.16.0.0/12 network)  
    2002:c0a8::/32+,     # Invalid 6to4 packets (IPv4  
private 192.168.0.0/16 network)  
    fc00::/7+,          # Unicast Unique Local Addresses  
(ULA) - RFC 4193  
    fe80::/10+,          # Link-local Unicast  
    fec0::/10+,          # Site-local Unicast - deprecated  
by RFC 3879 (replaced by ULA)  
    ff00::/8+,          # Multicast  
    ::/0{49,128}        # Filter small prefixes  
];
```

ASNs filtered by the Route Servers (Tier-1 networks/peer-locking)

We filter a regular set of networks that are known to be transit-free (ie. we do not expect a peer to send us a prefix with one of these ASNs in the path).

IPv6 prefixes filtered by the BGP-RS

```
TRANSIT_FREE_ASNS = [ 174, 701, 1299, 2914, 3257, 3320, 3356, 3491,  
5511, 6453, 6461, 6762, 6830, 7018 ];
```

Filtering of the Route Servers (ingress to a peer)



AS-Path Stripping

The BGP route servers do not add their own ASN in the advertised path, so if you're planning on constructing a filter list to filter the BGP Route servers, do not use the BGP route servers ASN in the path!

We publish IRR record to show networks that peer with the BGP-RS service. Peers are are so inclined, may use this to create their own filters that they can then elect to use to filter the BGP-RS in question. These are available separately for each INX as AS-SETs for:

- CINX: AFRINIC::AS-CINX-RS
- DINX: AFRINIC::AS-DINX-RS
- JINX: AFRINIC::AS-JINX-RS
- NMBINX: AFRINIC::AS-NMBINX-RS

This is also published at [PeeringDB](#)